

**AUDIT COMMITTEE REGULATIONS OF LABORATORIOS FARMACÉUTICOS
ROVI, S.A.**

Version approved by the Board of Directors on 12 May 2021

CHAPTER I. PRELIMINARY

Article 1.- Purpose and legal bases

1. The Audit Committee (the "**Committee**") of Laboratorios Farmacéuticos Rovi, S.A. ("**Rovi**" or the "**Company**") is an internal reporting and consultative body which provides proposals to the Board of Directors.
2. These regulations (the "**Regulations**") are aimed at setting out the Committee's competences, principles of action and basic organisation and operating rules.

Article 2.- Interpretation

1. These Regulations round out and expand upon the regulatory system applicable to the Committee envisaged in the prevailing legislation and the Company's Bylaws and Board Regulations. These Regulations shall be interpreted in accordance with the applicable legal and bylaw regulations.
2. The Committee or, where applicable, the Board is responsible for resolving doubts about the implementation and interpretation of these Regulations in accordance with the general criteria on how to interpret legal regulations.

Article 3.- Amendment

1. The Committee, at the proposal of its Chairperson or the majority of its members, can propose the Board of Directors an amendment to these Regulations.
2. The amendment to these Regulations shall be valid if the resolution is adopted for such purpose by an absolute majority of the Committee members and it must subsequently be endorsed by an absolute majority of the directors present or represented at the Board meeting.
3. These Regulations can also be amended through a resolution by the Board of Directors at its own request or of its Chairperson and it must be adopted by an absolute majority at the meeting attended by the majority of the directors in person or by proxy.
4. These Regulations shall be updated whenever this is required to conform to the applicable provisions in force and include the appropriate improvements.

Article 4.- Dissemination

The valid text of these Regulations shall be made public and available on the Company's corporate website.

CHAPTER II FUNCTIONS

Article 5.- Areas of responsibility

The Committee's main responsibilities are to provide advice to the Company's Board and oversee and control the processes for drafting and presenting the financial information, the auditor's independence, and the effectiveness of the risk control and management systems.

The Committee is responsible for the areas envisaged in this chapter, without prejudice to any other tasks attributed to it at any time by the law, Rovi's internal regulations or the Company's Board of Directors.

Article 6.- Functions related to the external audit

The Audit Committee shall carry out the following main duties related to the external auditor:

- a) Review the Company's accounts, monitor compliance with the legal requirements and the proper implementation of the generally accepted accounting principles, with direct collaboration from the external and internal auditors.
- b) Submit to the Board of Directors, so that it can submit them to the General Shareholders Meeting, the proposed selection, appointment, re-election and replacement of the auditors, assuming responsibility for the selection process, as well as the conditions of their hiring; and regularly gather information on the auditing plan and its execution, as well as preserving their independence in the performance of its tasks. The Audit Committee shall abstain from proposing to the Board of Directors and the latter shall, in turn, abstain from submitting to the General Meeting, the appointment as the Company's auditor of any audit firm that is incompatible in accordance with the audit legislation as well as any firm whose fees the Company is expected to pay, for all the items, a higher percentage than that legally established for its total revenues in the last year.
- c) Define the auditor selection procedure specifying the criteria or parameters to be assessed. The procedure must take into account the auditor's resources, experience, capability, degree of geographical coverage, independence, and service quality and efficiency. Such criteria must be weighed appropriately whereby the quantitative criteria such as the fees proposed do not prevail and the auditor's capabilities are not solely assessed in terms of the provision of services additional to the audit. The Committee shall also assess whether to limit the assessment of the financial bids such as excluding the bids which may be considered to be disproportionate or abnormal.
- d) Issue a report every year before the issue of the audit report on the accounts expressing an opinion on whether the independence of the auditors or audit firms has been compromised. This report must in any case include a reasoned assessment of the provision of the additional services provided by the auditors,

both individually and as a whole, other than the legal audit, and in relation to the system of independence or with the regulations governing the activity of auditors. In any event, it must receive from the external auditors an annual confirmation of their independence in regards to the entity, or entities linked to it directly or indirectly, as well as detailed and individual information of the additional services of any kind provided and the corresponding fees received by the aforementioned external auditors, or by the persons or entities linked to them, in accordance with the regulations governing auditing activity.

- e) Supervise compliance with the audit agreement, to ensure that the opinion on the annual accounts and the main content of the audit report are drafted clearly and precisely; and assess the results of each audit.
- f) Every year assess the auditor's actions and contribution to the audit quality and the integrity of the financial information, including, as the parameters for the assessment, those set out in the auditor selection policy.
- g) Establish appropriate relations with the external auditors to receive information on matters that may represent a threat to their independence, and any others relating to the audit process; and, where applicable, authorise services other than those legally prohibited by applicable law, as well as other communications included in the audit legislation and audit standards.
- h) Request the auditor, when deemed necessary, to provide an explanation about the internal quality control system that it must have established regarding independence, as well as information about the internal rotation practices of the audit partner and its staff and how it conforms to the audit standards. For such purposes, the Committee can request, in the annual independence letter sent by the auditor, the inclusion of a statement informing that it complies with this.
- i) If the external auditor resigns, examine the circumstances that may have caused this.
- j) Ensure that the auditor's remuneration for the work does not compromise its quality or independence and analyse the significant changes that may take place in its total remuneration.
- k) Ensure that the Company informs the Spanish National Securities Market Commission (the "**CNMV**") of a change of auditor, including a statement about the future existence of disagreements with the outgoing auditor and the content thereof, if any.
- l) Ensure that the external auditor holds a meeting every year with the plenary session of the Board of Directors to inform it about the work being done and changes in the accounting situation and risks in the company.
- m) Ensure that the external auditor respects the regulations in place on provision of services other than auditing, the limits to the auditor's business concentration, and in general other regulations on the independence of auditors. The Audit Committee is responsible for approving the provision of non-audit services, assessing: (i) the nature, the circumstances and context in which they take place,

and their effects and if those services jeopardise the auditor's independence; (ii) if the audit firm, based on its knowledge and experience, is the best one to provide such services; (iii) the remuneration for the non-audit services, individually or as a whole, in relation to that for the audit and the parameters used by the audit firm to determine its own remuneration policy; and (iv) the establishment of a guiding limit for the fees to be received by the auditor for non-audit services in accordance with the law and the EU regulations.

- n) Review compliance with the prohibitions after the completion of the audit work set out in the law.
- o) Encourage the group auditor to assume the responsibility for the audits of the companies that form part of the group.

Article 7. Functions related to the internal audit

The Company shall have an internal audit function, under the supervision of the Audit Committee, to ensure the proper operation of the internal reporting and control systems. The internal audit officer must provide the Audit Committee, for its approval and which will submit it to the Board, with the guidance and annual work plan for the internal audit. The internal audit officer must directly inform the Audit Committee of its execution, including any incidents and limits to the scope arising during its implementation, the results, and the monitoring of its recommendations, and submit an activities report at the end of each year to the Committee.

Regarding the internal audit function, the Audit Committee must:

- a) Monitor the independence and efficacy of the internal audit function and propose the selection, appointment and removal of the internal audit officer.
- b) Propose the budget for the service every year and approve, for submission to the Board, the guidance and annual work plan for the internal audit, making sure that it has the necessary human, financial and technological resources to carry it out and that its activity focuses mainly on the relevant financial and non-financial risks (including reputational ones).
- c) Assess the functioning of the internal audit and the performance of its officer. The assessment must include the degree of compliance with the established targets and criteria, as well as the opinion of the Company's executive department, with the aim of determining the officer's annual variable remuneration, which must also involve the Audit Committee.

Article 8.- Functions related to the internal control and reporting systems

The Audit Committee shall carry out the following main duties:

- a) Supervise and assess the drafting and presentation process and the integrity of the financial and non-financial information, as well as the financial risk control and management systems relating to the Company, and where appropriate to the

Group, including the operational, technological, legal, corporate, environmental, political and reputational control systems or those related to corruption; reviewing compliance with regulatory requirements, the appropriate specification of the scope of consolidation and the correct application of accounting criteria; and present recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors to safeguard its integrity.

- b) Receive information on any structural and corporate modifications that the Company plans in order to review them and inform the Board of Directors in advance of the financial conditions and their accounting impact, in particular of the proposed exchange ratio, where applicable.
- c) Deal with, meet and take into account in the corresponding and appropriate way the requirements sent, in the current or previous years, by the public financial information supervisor, making sure that the financial statements do not repeat the same type of incidents previously identified in those requirements.
- d) Review and supervise the internal control and risk management systems on a regular basis, so the main risks are properly identified, managed and disclosed.
- e) Discuss with the auditors or audit firms any significant weaknesses in the internal control system that it may have detected during the audit, without undermining its independence. For such purpose, it may submit recommendations or proposals to the Board of Directors, together with a corresponding monitoring period.
- f) Establish and supervise a mechanism that enables employees and other Company stakeholders, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, to communicate any irregularities of potential financial and accounting importance, or of any other kind, related to the Company, detected within the Company or its group. This mechanism must guarantee confidentiality, and in any case, include ways in which the communications can be made anonymously, respecting the rights of both the reporter and person reported.
- g) Supervise the aforementioned mechanism, receiving information about its functioning on a regular basis. That information shall include at least the number of reports received, their origin and type, the results of the investigations and the proposed actions. After analysing the foregoing, the Audit Committee, if deemed necessary, can propose the corresponding actions to improve its functioning and reduce the risk of irregularities in the future.
- h) Ensure in general that the internal control policies and systems established are applied effectively in practice.

Article 9.- Functions related to the risk control and management policy

The Audit Committee shall carry out the following main duties:

- a) Oversee the risk control and management policy regarding the risks which affect the attainment of corporate targets, including, in general, supervision of the

agenda of the Committee meetings so that all the significant risks can be analysed throughout the year.

- b) Identify the various types of financial and non-financial risks (among others, operational, technological, legal, social, environmental, political and reputational, including those related to corruption) faced by the Company. The financial or economic risks include the contingent liabilities and other off-balance-sheet risks.
- c) Establish a risk control and management model based on different levels.
- d) Identify the risk level that the Company considers acceptable and obtain reliable information about whether the main risks are managed and maintained within the tolerance values established, studying those values and proposing, where applicable, their adjustment.
- e) Identify the measures planned to mitigate the impact of risks identified, if they materialise.
- f) Identify the internal reporting and control systems to be used to control and manage the above risks, including contingent liabilities and off-balance sheet risks.

Article 10.- Functions related to the listed companies' obligations and corporate governance

The Audit Committee shall carry out the following main duties:

- a) Inform the Board of Directors, before it adopts the corresponding resolutions, of:
 - i. The financial information that the Company, as a listed company, must periodically disclose and the directors' report, which shall include, where applicable, the mandatory non-financial information. The Audit Committee must ensure that interim financial statements are drawn up under the same accounting principles as the annual ones and, to this end, may ask the external auditor to conduct a limited review.
 - ii. The creation or acquisition of stakes in special purpose vehicles or whose registered office is in tax havens and any other similar transactions whose complex nature could tarnish the transparency of the Company and its group.
- b) Review the clarity and integrity of all the financial and related non-financial information disclosed by the company such as the financial, directors' reports, risk management and control reports, and corporate governance reports, assessing which cases must involve the auditors when reviewing any of the additional reports to the financial statements.
- c) Inform the General Meeting and the Board of Directors in advance on related transactions that it must approve, and ensure that the information on these transactions is notified to the market, in the terms required by law and these Regulations.

- d) Supervise the internal procedure established by the Company for those related transactions whose approval has been delegated under the law.
- e) Examine and supervise compliance with the Internal Code of Conduct, the Board Regulations, these Regulations and, in general, the Company's governance rules, making sure that the corporate culture is in line with its purpose and values, and make any necessary proposals for their improvement.
- f) Periodically assess and review the system for the Company's corporate governance and environmental and social policy so that it achieves its mission to foster corporate interest and take into account, as appropriate, the legitimate interests of other stakeholders.
- g) Ensure that the Company's environmental and social practices conform to the strategy and policy established by it.
- h) Supervise and assess the engagement processes with the stakeholders.
- i) Ensure that the financial information published on the corporate website is permanently updated, being able to delegate this function internally within the Company, and which coincides with that drafted by the Company directors and published, where applicable, when it is required to do this on the CNMV's website.

CHAPTER III COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Article 11.- Composition

The Audit Committee shall comprise at least three directors and at most five, designated by the Board of Directors itself from among its non-executive directors. In any case, at least the majority of the Committee members must be independent directors.

Article 12.- Criteria and requirements for appointing the Committee members

The Committee members overall and, in particular, its chairperson, shall be designated by the Board of Directors taking into account their knowledge and experience in matters of accounting, auditing and financial and non-financial risk management, as well as their knowledge, skills and experience with respect to the Committee's other duties.

As a whole, the members of the Audit Committee must have the technical knowledge appropriate to the sector of activity to which the Company belongs. At least one of the Committee members must have experience in information technology.

Article 13.- Committee positions

The chairperson of the Audit Committee shall necessarily be an independent director and be designated taking into account his/her knowledge and experience in accounting, auditing or both; he/she must be replaced every four years and can be re-elected after one year has elapsed since his/her last date in office.

The secretary and, where applicable, the deputy secretary of the Committee, based on the decision of the Committee itself, shall be those designated from among its members as the secretary and, where applicable, the deputy secretary of the Board, respectively.

Article 14.- Duties of the Committee members

1. The Committee members shall act with an independent criterion regarding the other members of the organisation and maintain scepticism so that they appropriately question the data, the assessment processes and the conclusions reached by the Company's executives, managers, and internal and external auditors.
2. Likewise, attending the Committee's formal meetings shall be preceded by sufficient dedication of its members to analyse and assess the information received.

CHAPTER IV FUNCTIONING AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE

Article 15.- Audit Committee meetings

1. The Audit Committee will meet ordinarily every quarter to review the periodic financial information that must be submitted to the securities market authorities, together with the information that the Board of Directors must approve and include as part of its annual public documentation. It will also meet at the request of any of its members and whenever called to meet by its Chairperson, who must do so whenever the Board or its Chairperson requests the issue of a report or the adoption of proposals; and, in any event, provided that it is appropriate for the correct performance of its functions.
2. The meetings of the Audit Committee shall be held in person in the location specified on the notice calling the meeting. In exceptional circumstances, when decided by the chairperson of the Audit Committee, the meeting may be called to be held in a number of connected locations or by remote means, using remote communication systems that allow those attending to be recognised and identified, continuous communication between them, and organisation and casting of votes, all in real time. In this case, the meeting will be deemed to be held at the registered office. The members of the Committee attending in any of

the interconnected venues will be considered for all purposes as attending the same single meeting of the Audit Committee.

3. The meetings shall be convened by letter, fax, telegram or e-mail, and shall be authorised with the signature of the Committee's chairperson or that of the secretary or deputy secretary by order of the chairperson. The notice, except in the case of emergency meetings, shall be issued at least three days in advance and include the meeting's agenda as well as sufficient relevant information that is duly summarised and prepared for such purposes. The agenda must clearly state the items for which the Committee must adopt a decision or resolution. The chairperson, as the person responsible for the proper functioning of the Committee, shall ensure that its members receive that information accordingly.
4. The chairperson of the Audit Committee may convene extraordinary meetings when the circumstances warrant this in his/her opinion. The documentation which, where applicable, must be submitted to the directors shall be provided sufficiently in advance.
5. It will not be necessary to convene the Committee when all members are present or represented and unanimously agree to hold a meeting.

Article 16.- Sittings

1. The Audit Committee shall be quorate when at least the majority of its members attend in person or are represented.
2. The Audit Committee members shall freely participate in the deliberations, without being affected by internal or third-party pressures, thus favouring diversity of opinions that enhances its analysis and proposals.
3. The Committee shall adopt its resolutions by an absolute majority of the directors attending the meeting in person or represented. In the event of a tie, the chairperson shall have the casting vote.
4. When the resolutions to be adopted by the Committee directly affect one of its members or the persons related to them or when, in general, that member is involved in a conflict of interest, that member must be absent from the meeting until the resolution is adopted, for which the number of Committee members shall be deducted for calculating the majorities.
5. The resolutions of the Audit Committee shall be included in a minutes book, and each of the minutes shall be signed by the Committee's Chairperson and Secretary. A copy of the minutes shall be submitted to all the Board members.

Article 17.- Resources, advice and right to information

1. The resources required by the Audit Committee shall be channeled through the Board secretary.

2. The Committee can obtain advice from external experts when they believe that this is necessary for the discharge of their duties. The Committee shall have sufficient economic resources so that its members can receive reports from external experts on legal, accounting, assessment, risk or other matters that they need.
3. The Company's Board and management shall ensure that the Committee can freely access any type of information required to carry out its functions that is available at the Company. The Committee chairperson shall submit the necessary information and documentation to the other Committee members, sufficiently in advance so that they can analyse this before the meetings.

Article 18.- Welcome plan and training programme

1. There will be a welcome programme for the new Committee members which enables them to actively participate in it right from the start.
2. The Committee will have a periodic training plan so that its members can update their knowledge and which can also refer, among others, to new features in the accounting regulations, the specific regulatory framework for the Company's activity, the internal and external audit, risk management, internal control and the relevant technological advances for the Company.

Article 19.- Annual work plan

The Committee shall approve an annual work plan that envisages at least the following activities: (i) establish specific goals for the Committee's functions; (ii) set an annual meeting schedule; (iii) systematically organise the meetings' information and agenda; (iv) set up, where applicable, work meetings to prepare specific matters to supplement the Committee's formal meetings; (v) plan periodic communication means with the managers, the internal auditor and the accounting auditor; (vi) project, where possible, the need to have external experts to provide advice on the Committee's areas of responsibility; and (vii) plan the appropriate training, as stated in the preceding article.

Article 20.- Assessment and annual report on the Committee's activities

1. The Audit Committee shall issue an annual report on its activities, highlighting the main incidents, if any, in relation to its tasks. Moreover, when the Committee deems appropriate, that report must also include proposals for improving the Company's governance rules. The Audit Committee report will be available to shareholders and investors on the website.
2. As part of the Board's annual assessment, the Committee shall assess its performance independently. For such purposes, it can request an opinion from the other directors and, if deemed appropriate, it can be assisted by an external

consultant. Regardless of the procedure chosen, the Board of Directors shall be informed of the aspects assessed and the results of the assessment, so that they may be taken into account in the Board's annual assessment. The annual report from the Audit Committee shall publicly state to what extent the assessment has led to significant changes in its internal organisation and procedures.

CHAPTER V BOARD RELATIONS POLICY

Article 21.- Relations with the Shareholders General Meeting

Inform the General Shareholders' Meeting on questions relating to matters that are the competence of the Committee, in particular on the result of the audit, explaining how it has contributed to the integrity of financial information and the function performed by the Committee in this process.

Article 22.- Relations with the Board of Directors

The Audit Committee must render an account of its activity and be answerable for its work at the first plenary session of the Board of Directors that is held after they have met.

The Board of Directors must discuss the proposals and reports submitted to it by the Committee.

Article 23.- Relations with Rovi's management

1. The Committee shall hold at least once a year a meeting with the officers of the business units where they explain the business trends and related risks.
2. The Committee shall receive periodic reports from the management regarding the functioning of the risk control and management systems established and the conclusions reached, where applicable, in the tests performed on those systems by the Company's internal audit function, plus any significant internal control deficiencies that the external auditor has detected during the audit.
3. The Audit Committee may summon any member of the Company's management team or staff, and even order their appearance without the presence of any other manager. The managers or employees are required to attend all the Audit Committee meetings, collaborating and providing access to any information they may have. The Committee may also request that the Company's internal and accounting auditors attend its meetings. The attendance of the Board members, management team, auditors and staff shall be limited to dealing solely with the items on the agenda for the meeting convened, and they cannot attend the decision-making portion of the meetings in any case.

Article 24.- Relations with the accounts auditor

1. Before the start of each financial year, the Committee shall approve an activities schedule and an annual meeting schedule, most of them without the presence of the Company's management, that include all the aspects that may influence the audit opinion and the auditor's independence. The Committee shall strive to hold at least two meetings a year with the external auditor.
2. The Committee and the accounts auditor shall notify each other of key matters detected in relation to the accounting, the internal control system or the audit.

Article 25.- Relations with the internal audit function

1. The Committee shall propose to the Board of Directors the selection, appointment or removal of the internal audit officer after a favourable report from the Appointments and Remunerations Committee.
2. The Committee shall receive periodic information on the internal audit function and make sure that the management has the conclusions and recommendations from the reports.